

Benwick Primary School



Relationships Education Policy Including Sex Education

School Name: Benwick Primary School

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Context

This Relationships Education Policy must be read in conjunction with our PSHCE Policy.

Relationships Education in our school

We believe Relationships Education is learning about emotional, social and physical aspects of our lives, about ourselves and our relationships. It enables pupils to develop essential life skills for building and maintaining positive, enjoyable, respectful and non-exploitative relationships. It equips pupils with information and skills they need to understand about themselves, their peers and people they meet in the wider community. It explores risks, choices, rights, responsibilities and attitudes. It will help pupils to develop skills to keep themselves and others safer, physically and emotionally, both on and off line. Relationships Education enables pupils to explore their own attitudes and those of others respectfully.

Context of Wider PSHCE

We deliver Relationships Education as part of our wider provision of Personal, Social, Health and Citizenship Education (PSHCE), which also includes statutory Health Education.

The aims of Relationships Education are further supported by interventions, extracurricular and enrichment activities we provide. For example, developing as a Healthy School, social skills interventions and the development of a growth mind set and positive behaviour for all.

Aims of Relationships Education

Through the delivery of Relationships Education we intend to further our school's aims of providing a curriculum which is relevant to the needs of pupils, both now and in the future. It will enable pupils to develop knowledge, skills and attitudes which enhance their personal development and wellbeing. This will have a direct, positive effect on their progress and achievement in school.

All adults in school will work towards achieving these aims for Relationships Education. We seek to enable our children to:

- develop interpersonal and communication skills
- develop positive, personal values and a moral framework that will guide their decisions and behaviour
- respect themselves and others, their views, backgrounds, cultures and experiences
- develop respectful, caring relationships based on mutuality, reciprocity and trust
- develop their ability to keep themselves and others safe, physically and emotionally, both on and off line
- develop their understanding of a variety of families and how families are central to the wellbeing of children
- recognise and avoid coercive and exploitative relationships
- explore relationships in ways appropriate to their age and stage of development
- value, care for and respect their bodies
- build confidence in accessing additional advice and support for themselves and others.

Implementing Our Policy

Inclusion

In relation to those with special educational needs or disability, we ensure our Relationships Education programme provides for those with additional needs. We recognise that those with SEND are often more vulnerable to sexual harassment and abuse and that we need to ensure that children are supported to develop appropriate strategies and attitudes to keep themselves safer. We consider:

- their level of vulnerability to coercion and pressure
- their previous experience of negative behaviours in peer or child-adult relationships
- their need to learn and demonstrate appropriate behaviour
- their need to develop self-esteem and positive body image
- the need to involve all staff, including ancillary staff and parents/carers, in policy development, planning and training
- the management of personal care
- clarity about sources of support for pupils.

Equality

The [Equality Act 2010](#) has special resonance in Relationships Education. Through this area of learning we seek to develop key interpersonal skills such as respect and empathy which enable pupils to understand the rights and responsibilities we all have towards one another.

The protected characteristics are: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, same sex couples, sex and sexual orientation.

We will ensure that our provision of Relationships Education is not only equally accessible, inclusive and age appropriate for all pupils and their families with protected characteristics, but also that it reduces discrimination, advances equality of opportunity and encourages good relations between different groups.

In order to ensure that Relationships Education meets the needs of all:

- We will reflect a range of lifestyles and family structures so that all children see themselves and their families reflected back in the lessons.
- We will ensure that the law in relation to, for example, marriage, online behaviours, sexuality, gender and violence are explained in age appropriate ways.
- Where there are different cultural or religious views about families, relationships or behaviours, we will share these to ensure children see their family views represented.
- We will accept and celebrate difference.
- We will, as appropriate, ensure that a variety of views and beliefs are reflected back to pupils.
- In order to ensure that children of all genders can access information they need, we will teach in mixed gender groups wherever possible.
- We will encourage respect and discourage abusive and exploitative relationships.
- We will not ask children to represent the views of a particular religious or cultural group to their peers, unless they choose to do so.

We support children in developing their knowledge about and attitudes towards diversity throughout units of work including:

- Diversity and Communities
- Family and Friends
- Beginning and Belonging

Safeguarding

We understand the importance of high quality Relationships Education as we fulfil our statutory safeguarding duties. Relationship Education enables pupils to understand about mutual, consensual and reciprocated relationships in all their forms. Whether the children are learning about friendships, families, relationships in school or the wider community, they will be developing essential skills which underpin their ability to recognise abusive relationships. Teaching about 'Family and Friends' and 'Anti-bullying' enables us to fulfil our statutory duty to prevent 'peer-on-peer' abuse.

In the case of RSE and Personal Safety, we recognise that effective teaching may alert children to what is appropriate and inappropriate behaviour (including inappropriate sexual behaviour) and that there is an increased possibility that a disclosure relating to abuse may be made. All staff are aware of the Safeguarding and Child Protection procedures and will report disclosures or concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSL) immediately.

Development of the Policy

This policy has been developed in consultation with pupils, staff, governors and parents/carers. The consultation period followed the provision of information about the duties and statutory elements which have to be included in Relationships Education. It has also included gathering views on needs and priorities for the school community.

Views expressed by pupils, staff, governors and parents/carers about the policy have been considered. The final decision on policy and delivery has been made by the school, having listened to the needs and views of the school community.

Consulting on our Policy

Before consultation activities, parents/carers, pupils and other stakeholders have been given information about Relationships Education and associated duties in ways which are accessible to them. They have been asked for their views about appropriate ages for particular topics, to share relevant views and beliefs and to consider the suitability of the school's aims for Relationships Education. All parents/carers have been consulted directly through a questionnaire. If you feel it is appropriate please feel free to discuss this with your child. Due to the nature of the current lockdown face to face interviews have not been able to take place. Parents/carers have also been represented by the parent/carer governor representative. Further consultation with parents/carers and pupils will be carried out when the policy is reviewed, which happens at least every three years.

Involving the Whole School Community

Working with Staff

Teaching Relationships Education can be very rewarding, but we understand that, in order to feel confident, staff need opportunities to develop their own knowledge, skills and attitudes. We recognise

that every adult has different personal beliefs and attitudes, but that all teachers must understand and comply with their duties connected with safeguarding, equality and inclusion.

Teachers have a duty to deliver statutory areas of the curriculum and all teachers will be supported to develop their skills in delivering non statutory areas such as sex education. We will discuss relevant issues and staff concerns and, where appropriate, arrange training to enable staff members to feel confident in delivering the various aspects of Relationships Education. We will also encourage the sharing of good practice. We may also use team teaching to develop confidence. Those with special responsibility for the development of Relationships Education will be offered opportunities to consult with advisors and attend external training courses.

Engaging with Pupils

We will involve pupils in the evaluation and development of their Relationships Education in ways appropriate to their age. We will seek opportunities to discuss children's views about the content of their PSHCE lessons.

- We will engage the pupils in assessment activities to establish their development needs, for example 'Draw and Write' activities.
- We will encourage pupils to ask questions as they arise by providing anonymous question boxes.
- We will ask pupils to reflect on their learning and set goals for future learning.
- We will consult pupils (e.g. through School Council) about their perception of the strengths of our Relationships Education provision and the areas to be further developed.

Working with Governors

This policy has been developed with governor involvement, so that the governors are able to fulfil their statutory duties. It is the responsibility of the governors to ensure, through consultation, that the Relationships Education Policy reflects the needs and views of our community. In order to facilitate this process, the Relationships Education Policy will appear annually on the agenda of one governors' meeting. The policy will be available on the school's website. A link governor for PSHCE (including Relationships Education) will be nominated.

It is the role of governors to ensure that:

- pupils make progress in Relationships Education in line with the expected educational outcomes
- the subject is well led, effectively managed and well planned
- the quality of provision is subject to regular and effective self-evaluation
- teaching is delivered in a way which is accessible to all
- clear information is given to parents/carers
- the subject is resourced and taught in a way which enables the school to fulfil statutory requirements.

Communicating with Parents/carers

Parents/carers are the first educators of their children about relationships, emotions, empathy, respect and growing up. We recognise that many children like to receive information about relationships from

their parents/carers in addition to their learning in school. Therefore we seek to work in partnership with parents/carers when planning and delivering Relationships Education. We will encourage this partnership by:

- Sharing details of our curriculum on our website including the contact details of the PSHCE lead.
- Informing parents/carers by newsletter or leaflet of forthcoming Relationships Education topics e.g. Personal Safety, Anti-bullying and RSE
- Informing parents/carers about PSHCE, Relationships Education and RSE programmes as their child joins the school through the school brochure/prospectus/website
- Signposting parents/carers to sources of support to help them address the needs of their child or build their own confidence in talking about relationships with their children.

Working with External Agencies and the Wider Community

We believe that all aspects of Relationships Education are most effectively taught by those who know our pupils well and are aware of their needs. We encourage visitors to our school, who may enhance, but never replace, our planned provision. We will work closely with visitors to ensure that the needs of our pupils are met.

We will follow this Code of Practice when working with visitors:

- The care and management of pupils is the responsibility of the school at all times.
- In class teaching situations, visitors will not be asked to work alone with pupils, but will be supported by a member of staff.
- The school will know whether visitors are DBS checked and arrangements will be made to accompany them as appropriate.
- All visitors will be made aware of the content and principles of this Policy, prior to their visit.
- All lessons will be planned in direct liaison with the PSHCE Co-ordinator/Class teacher, taking account of the age and needs of the group and the context of the work within the Relationships Education programme.
- Visitors will be reminded that, whilst contributing to Relationships Education in a classroom setting, they must adhere to the same confidentiality code as staff members. Class teaching must be seen as separate from health or other targeted interventions to support wellbeing.
- Any resources which a visitor wishes to use or distribute will be discussed and agreed with the PSHCE Co-ordinator/Class Teacher beforehand.
- The contributions of visitors will be regularly monitored and evaluated.

Curriculum Organisation

Our Relationships Education Curriculum (see appendix) is wholly consistent with the DfE statutory requirements for Relationships Education and Health Education (2020), National Curriculum (2014), other DfE and OfSTED guidance. It also reflects best practice described by the Sex Education Forum and PSHE Association. We consider Relationships Education to be a continuous process of learning, which begins before the children enter our school and continues into adulthood. We have planned a

curriculum appropriate to each age group with a spiral of progression. All adults working with children have a part to play in supporting the delivery of Relationships Education.

Relationships Education is learning about:

- Families and People who care for me
- Caring Friendships
- Respectful relationships
- Online Relationships
- Being Safe

Our PSHCE topic structure does not separate delivery of Relationships Education from Health Education and wider PSHCE. We deliver topics which, taking the lead from children's lived experiences, consider related themes including development of knowledge, skills and attitudes in an integrated way. The topics where Relationships Education is a significant driver are:

- Anti-bullying
- Digital Lifestyles
- Diversity and Communities
- Family and Friends
- Managing Change
- My Emotions
- Personal Safety
- Relationships and Sex Education

Also: Working Together, Beginning and Belonging, Rights, Rules and Responsibilities

Relationships Education will be taught in:

- PSHCE through designated lessons, circle time, focused events, health weeks
- Other curriculum areas, especially Science, English, RE, PE and computing
- Enrichment activities, especially our assembly programme growth mind set approaches, social skills groups, involvement in school trips and adventurous activities, activities carried out as part of our development as a healthy school.

Teaching Methods

Our aim is that teachers use a range of teaching methods where skills such as communication, compromise and negotiation are practised in classroom situations and where attitudes such as respect and empathy are modelled and discussed. We encourage teachers to ensure that group work, debate, taking other people's view points and working together are practised in all PSHCE lessons and across the wider curriculum. Our Relationships Education lessons are not simple opportunities to give information, but to explore views and perspectives and develop possible solutions through discussion and interaction.

Ground Rules: Relationships Education is taught in a safe, non-judgemental environment where all adults and children are confident that they will be respected. Specific ground rules will be established at the beginning of any Relationships Education work, in addition to those already used in the classroom. They will cover the following areas:

- appropriate use of language
- the asking and answering of personal questions
- strategies for checking or accessing information.

Distancing Techniques: In order to protect children’s privacy, we will employ teaching and learning strategies which enable them to discuss issues without disclosing personal experience. For example, we will *use fiction, puppets, case studies, role-play, videos and theatre in education* to enable children to share ideas and opinions and to practise their decision-making skills in a safe learning environment.

Relationships and Sex Education (RSE)

Relationships Education (e.g. learning about families, personal safety and emotional wellbeing) with aspects of Health Education (e.g. learning about the spread of illnesses and the changing adolescent body). This combination offers the best location for our provision of non-statutory sex education. Although ‘RSE’ as a subject is not statutory at primary level, many aspects of our RSE topic are statutory parts of Relationships Education and Health Education. Some elements of our RSE topic are part of the statutory National Curriculum for Science (e.g. the biological aspects of puberty, reproduction and the spread of viruses).

We will ensure that children receive teaching about puberty at Y5 and Y6 in order to prepare them for the physical, emotional and social changes they are approaching or undergoing. We will review the age at which puberty is introduced depending on the needs of the cohort.

At times children will benefit from varying methods of delivering the RSE curriculum. For example, we may use single-sex groups or small group teaching where this will help us to meet the needs of particular children more effectively, we will use team teaching where this enables us to best use teacher expertise. We will ensure there are positive educational reasons for each method of delivery.

Curriculum Materials and Resources

We will primarily use the Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme and the resources recommended within it when planning and delivering Relationships Education. We will focus on the needs of the children and our planned learning objectives. We will evaluate teaching resources thoroughly before using them. We will select resources which:

- are consistent with our curriculum for Relationships Education
- relate to the aims and objectives of this policy
- are suitable to the age, maturity, needs, linguistic proficiency and ability of the children
- appeal to adults and children
- are up-to-date in factual content
- conform to the statutory requirements for Relationships Education.

Safe and Effective Practice

In our school we have a clear Confidentiality Policy, which is shared with staff, pupils and parents/carers. This policy is communicated to parents/carers in the School brochure/website. The policy states that:

- Staff are unable to offer absolute confidentiality.
- We will reassure children that staff will act in their best interests and that this may involve sharing information if the child is at risk of harm.
- Children will be told if information is to be shared (taking special care with very young children or those with significant special needs) and will be offered appropriate support
- Visitors including school nurses and youth workers will follow the school's Confidentiality Policy. Health professionals will ensure that children are aware of the boundaries of confidentiality when beginning work with classes.

Answering Questions: We acknowledge that sensitive and complex issues will arise in Relationships Education, as pupils will naturally ask questions. When spontaneous discussion arises, it will be guided in a way which reflects the school aims and curriculum content. We will answer questions relating to the planned curriculum for that age group or below to the whole class. We will answer questions relating to areas beyond the planned curriculum for that age group, in a sensitive and age appropriate way, only to the pupil/s who have asked the question. If a member of staff is uncertain about the answer to a question, or indeed whether they wish to answer it, they will seek guidance from the PSHCE leader/Designated Safeguarding Lead. In some cases the question may reach beyond the planned curriculum and the question will not be answered in school. The child will be asked if they would like support to ask their questions at home or to another trusted adult.

When answering questions, we shall ensure that sharing personal information by adults, pupils or their families is discouraged. Where the question indicates the need for pastoral support, the conversation will be deferred to a time outside the teaching session and other colleagues may be involved. Where a question or comment from a pupil in the classroom indicates the possibility of abuse, coercion or exploitation, teachers will pass this information to the DSL in line with the school Safeguarding policy.

Assessment, Recording, Reporting

Relationships Education will be assessed in a variety of ways, including the use of self-assessment and teacher assessment. Guidance provided in the Cambridgeshire Primary PDP will be used.

Sex Education Policy

Definition of Sex Education

Following guidance from the DfE, we define Sex Education as learning about 'how a (human) baby is conceived and born'.

This extends the learning about sexual reproduction in 'some plants and animals' required through the Science National Curriculum. It also complements the statutory requirement to teach about puberty as part of Science and Health Education, as understanding sexual reproduction in humans enables children to understand the processes of puberty.

Consultation about Sex Education

We have taken into account the DfE's recommendation that all primary schools have a Sex Education programme and we understand that this is not statutory. We understand that our teaching in sex education must be tailored to the needs and physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.

Content of Sex Education

The content of our Sex Education programme will be gradually developed in an age appropriate way. The children will not learn about human sexual reproduction until Y5/6.

Y1/2 will learn that human babies grow inside their mothers alongside learning in Science that adult animals produce offspring like themselves. (Cats have kittens. Cows have calves etc.)

Y3/4 will learn that every human began when a seed from a male and an egg from a female join together. They will not yet learn about the means by which egg and sperm join.

Y5/6 will learn about human sexual reproduction and other ways that eggs and sperm are joined (eg IVF) in age appropriate detail. They will learn about vaginal birth and caesarean section in age appropriate ways, reflecting the experiences of children and families they know.

Teaching Methodologies

In Sex Education there is a certain amount of knowledge which has to be imparted. Teachers will give the facts in an accessible way using a range of approaches, such as picture books and scientific descriptions. Pupils will be asked to consolidate their learning in ways which enable them to develop skills to confidently discuss sexual body parts and functions.

Delivery of the Sex Education Curriculum

Sex Education will be delivered as part of our topic called Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) by a teacher, who knows the needs and natures of the children. The teacher is best placed to tailor the learning to the needs of the pupils. Parents/carers will be informed by letter/email/via the school website about the content of the curriculum in advance of teaching and will be invited to talk to staff if they have questions.

Right to be excused from Sex Education

Parents/carers have the right to request that their child be excused from some or all of Sex Education delivered as part of statutory Relationships Education. Before granting any such request the Head Teacher/PSHCE Leader will discuss the request with parents/carers (and if appropriate with the child) to ensure that their wishes are understood and to clarify the nature and purpose of the curriculum. The educational, social and emotional benefits for the child of being part of the lessons will also be discussed. We will record the discussion and the outcomes.

If a pupil is excused from Sex Education, we will ensure that the pupil receives appropriate, purposeful education during the period of withdrawal.

The parents/carers will be asked to reconfirm their decision to withdraw their children from Sex Education each time a Sex Education element is planned for their child.

Monitoring, Review and Evaluation

Monitoring, review and evaluation of the Policy is the responsibility of the PSHCE leader/head teacher. The governing body will ask for information relating to the effectiveness of the policy when it is monitored every year. Information will be gathered from the Head Teacher, the PSHCE Leader parents/carers and pupils to inform judgements about effectiveness. The policy will be comprehensively

reviewed with engagement from members of the school community every three years, or sooner if an issue or incident occurs which warrants it.

Appendices

APPENDIX A: THE CURRICULUM FOR RSE

Foundation Stage (Age 4-5)

<p>Early Learning Goals (2019)</p>	<p>Health and self-care: children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. They manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs successfully, including dressing and going to the toilet independently.</p> <p>Managing feelings and behaviour: children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.</p> <p>Making relationships: children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children.</p>
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The following sections gives the questions our children will engage with as part of our planned RSE provision. These areas will be covered using the Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme Units My Body and Growing Up.

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What does my body look like? • How has my body changed as it has grown? • Who are the members of my family and trusted people who look after me? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What differences and similarities are there between our bodies? • How can I look after my body and keep it clean? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What can my body do? • How am I learning to take care of myself and what do I still need help with? • How do I feel about growing up?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To describe their own appearance and name external body parts including using agreed names for the sexual parts. • To understand ways in which their body has changed since they were a baby. • To understand how members of their family and other trusted people care for and look after them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To recognise similarities and differences between the bodies of girls and boys. • To understand ways of looking after their body and keeping it clean. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand and value what their bodies can do. • To understand ways in which they can take responsibility for looking after themselves and recognise situations where they still need to be supported by others. • To recognise how growing up makes them feel.

Below are questions children will engage with as part of our wider Wellbeing programme and in other taught areas of PSHE

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Who is my family and how do we care for each other? • Who are the different people who make up a family? • How do I know if something is safe or unsafe? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How can I be a good friend? • Can I recognise and show my emotions? • Can I recognise emotions in other people and say how they are feeling? • Can I say 'No' if I feel unsure about something and it does not feel safe or good? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What things are especially important to my family and me? • What do I think I have to keep safe from?

Key Stage 1 (Year 1/2)

Statutory Science Curriculum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y1 identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. • Y2 notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults • Y2 find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) • Y2 describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. 	
Non-statutory PSHE Curriculum most relevant to RSE (PSHE Assoc 2013)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • about the process of growing from young to old and how people's needs change • about growing and changing and new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring • the names for the main parts of the body (including external genitalia) the similarities and differences between boys and girls 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • about good and not so good feelings, a vocabulary to describe their feelings to others and simple strategies for managing feelings • the importance of and how to maintain personal hygiene • how some diseases are spread and can be controlled and the responsibilities they have for their own health and that of others

The following section gives the questions our children will engage with as part of our planned RSE provision. These are taken from the Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme Framework for Year 1/2. These areas will be covered using the CPPDP Units Relationships & Sex SR1 and SR2. Those in bold text are directly linked to the statutory elements of the National Curriculum for Science.

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are the names of the main parts of the body? • How can I keep my body clean? • How can I stop common illnesses and diseases spreading? • How do babies change and grow? • What do babies and children need? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What can my body do? • How have I changed since I was a baby? • What are my responsibilities now I'm older? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do I understand how amazing my body is? • When am I in charge of my actions and my body?

This section shows the Learning Objectives which will be covered using Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme Units SR1 and SR2

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To recognise the main external parts of the bodies of humans, including agreed names for sexual parts. • To know how to keep themselves clean. • To understand the importance of basic hygiene practices, e.g. washing hands, using a tissue, and how these prevent the spread of disease. • To know that humans produce babies that grow into children and then into adults. • To understand the needs of babies and young children. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To describe what their bodies can do. • To consider the ways they have changed physically since they were born. • To consider their responsibilities now and compare these with when they were younger. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand that they have responsibility for their body's actions and that their body belongs to them. • To appreciate how amazing their body is.
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Below are questions children will engage with as part of our wider Wellbeing programme and in other taught areas of PSHE

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are risky situations and how can I keep myself safer? • What healthy choices can I make? • What are some of the similarities and differences between me and others? • Who looks after me and what are their responsibilities? • Do I understand what good and bad secrets might be? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can I name some different feelings? • How can I stand up for myself? • How can I negotiate to sort out disagreements? • Can I describe what a friend is and does? • How do I cope when friendships change? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do my feelings and my actions affect others? • Who is in my family and how do we care for each other? • Can I recognise and describe 'yes' and 'no' and 'I'm not sure' feelings?

Key Stage 2 (Year 3/4)

Statutory Science Curriculum	<p>There are no relevant statutory science objectives within the Year 3/4 science curriculum however we will revise the following Key Stage 1 objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y1 identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. • Y2 notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults • Y2 find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) • Y2 describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. 	
Non-statutory PSHE Curriculum most relevant to RSE (PSHE Assoc 2013)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •to deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range and intensity of their feelings to others •to recognise their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe •that bacteria and viruses can affect health and that following simple routines can reduce their spread 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that pressure to behave in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media • how their body will change as they approach and move through puberty • to recognise how images in the media do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves • about human reproduction

The following section gives the questions our children will engage with as part of our planned RSE provision. These are taken from the Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme (CPPDP) Framework for Year 3/4. These areas will be covered using the CPPDP Units Relationships & Sex SR3 and SR4. Those in bold text are directly linked to the statutory elements of the National Curriculum for Science.

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How are males and females different and what are the different parts called? • What are the main stages of the human life cycle? • How do different illnesses and diseases spread and what can I do to prevent this? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Why is it important to keep clean? • What am I responsible for now and how will this change? • What can I do for myself to stay clean and how will this change in the future? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What can my body do and how is it special? • How do parents and carers care for babies? • What does it mean to be 'grown up'?

This section shows the Learning Objectives which will be covered using Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme Units SR3 and SR4

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the physical differences between males and females. • To recognise the main external parts of the bodies of humans, including scientific names for sexual parts. • To understand the main stages of the human lifecycle: birth, baby, child, adolescent, adult, middle age, old age, death. • To understand a range of ways illness and disease, e.g. colds, chickenpox, head lice, might be spread and how they are able to reduce this. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the benefits of carrying regular personal hygiene routines. • To consider their responsibilities and how these have changed and how they will change in the future. • To consider who is responsible for their personal hygiene now, and how this will change the future. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To value their own body and recognise its uniqueness. • To consider the responsibilities that parents and carers have for babies and children. • To investigate perceptions of being 'grown up'.
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Below are questions children will engage with as part of our wider Wellbeing programme and in other taught areas of PSHE

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What risks are there to my safety, my friendships and my feelings? • What are some of the different lifestyles and beliefs people have? • When might I need to break a promise or tell a secret? • What changes have I already experienced and might I experience in the future? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How can I communicate my emotions? • How can I cope with difficult emotions? • How do I cope when relationships change? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How can I have a healthy lifestyle? • How am I changing as I grow up?

Key Stage 2 (Year 5/6)

<p>Statutory Science Curriculum</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Y5 describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. • Y5 describe the changes as humans develop to old age. <p>Plus relevant learning from Key Stage 1 – see above.</p>	
<p>Non-statutory PSHE Curriculum most relevant to RSE (PSHE Assoc 2013)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •to deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range and intensity of their feelings to others •to recognise their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe •that bacteria and viruses can affect health and that following simple routines can reduce their spread 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that pressure to behave in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media • how their body will change as they approach and move through puberty • to recognise how images in the media do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves • about human reproduction

The following section gives the questions our children will engage with as part of our planned RSE provision. These are taken from the Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme (CPPDP) Framework for Year 5/6. These areas will be covered using the CPPDP Units Relationships & Sex SR5 and SR6. Those in bold text are directly linked to the statutory elements of the National Curriculum for Science.

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are male and female sexual parts called and what do they do? • What happens to the bodies of boys and girls when they reach puberty? • How can the spread of viruses and bacteria be stopped? • What is HIV? (ref 'Relationships & Sex' OfSTED 2002 (HMI 433)) • How are babies made? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How can I keep my growing and changing body clean? • How can I express my feeling positively as I grow up? • What should adults think about before they have a baby? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What influences my view of my body? • What are families like? • When am I responsible for how others feel?

This section shows the Learning Objectives which will be covered using Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development Programme Units SR5 and SR6

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To identify male and female sexual parts and describe their functions. • To know appropriate terminology for use in different situations. • To know and understand about the physical changes that take place at puberty, why they happen and how to manage them. • To understand that physical change happens at different rates for different people. • To know and understand that safe routines can stop the spread of viruses (including HIV) and bacteria. • To know about the facts of the human lifecycle, including sexual intercourse. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To know about new aspects of personal hygiene relevant to puberty. • To be able to recognise their changing emotions with friends and family and be able to express their feelings and concerns positively. • To have a basic awareness of responsible parenting choices. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand how the media, families and friends can influence attitudes to their bodies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To consider how they have some responsibility for the feelings and wellbeing of others. • To consider the need for trust and love in marriage and established relationships. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand and respect a wide range of family arrangements e.g. second marriages, fostering, same sex partners, extended families.
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Below are questions children will engage with as part of our wider Wellbeing programme and in other taught areas of PSHE

Knowledge (PSHE)	Skills (PSHE)	Attitudes (PSHE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are the different consequences for taking physical, social and emotional risks? • What does being healthy mean and what are the benefits? • What different kinds of families are there? • How are my friendships and relationships changing? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do I manage strong emotions? • How do I recognise how other people feel and respond to them? • How can I share my views effectively and negotiate with other's to reach agreement? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How can I show respect for different views, lifestyles and beliefs? • What can I do when I realise I'm in a bad mood? • When am I responsible for my personal safety?

Linked National Documents

RSE and Health Education

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/805781/Relationships_Education_Relationships_and_Sex_Education_RSE_and_Health_Education.pdf

Children and Social Work Bill 2017.

<http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2017/16/section/34/enacted>

Sex and Relationships Education for the 21st Century’.

<https://www.sexeducationforum.org.uk/resources/advice-guidance/sre-21st-century-supplementary-advice>

Equality Act 2010

<http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2010/15/contents>

Keeping Children Safe in Education

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/835733/Keeping_children_safe_in_education_2019.pdf

Working Together in RSE

We are all committed to working towards the implementation and development of the following entitlements.

Children and Young People are entitled to:

- Be valued and respected for who they are, taking into account their background, culture, faith, identity and needs
- Accurate, up-to-date, useful and age-appropriate information delivered in a way that meets their individual needs
- A well-planned, well-delivered RSE programme, which is flexible to cater for their changing needs over time
- Know where and how to access information, support and local services
- Be informed about confidentiality and how it affects them
- Have their views and ideas received in a respectful and non-judgemental manner
- Be involved in developing and evaluating the content, delivery and timing of their RSE programme as appropriate.

Adults working with children are entitled to:

- Access to high quality, up-to-date, accurate information, resources and training
- Mutual understanding of roles and responsibilities in relation to the planning and delivery of RSE
- Contribute their views and ideas in support of the development of RSE for their pupils
- Professional guidance and support
- A clear understanding of school policy relating to RSE.

Parents, carers and other adults in the community are entitled to:

- Accurate, up-to-date, information about RSE policy delivered in an accessible way
- A safe learning environment for their children
- Information on how and when their children are taught RSE
- Understand their right to withdraw their child from the aspects of the curriculum defined as 'sex education' and the process for expressing this right
- Have their views and needs listened to in a respectful, non-judgemental manner.